

Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall WL# 5022

(A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2019

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Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall

W/L#: 5022

11155 SW 112 Ave Miami, FL 33176

2018-2019

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Debra Klein, Director & Chair Daniel Fernandez, Director & Secretary Henry Ellenbogen, Director Marcus Jadote, Director Michelle Gerson, Director

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Gur Berman, Principal



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall (the "School"), a charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. as of June 30, 2019 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* on considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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All Grain, UP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall (A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.) June 30, 2019

The corporate officers of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2019 was \$455,450.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$474,810.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$39,898 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$227,983.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 28 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$455,450 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 follows:

	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,91	7 \$ 52,871
Restricted cash	102,41	4 100,000
Investments	308,00	0 247,000
Prepaid expenses	30,23	0 28,766
Due from other agencies	23,24	9 3,758
Capital assets, net	78,32	3 68,663
Deposit receivable	16,50	0 16,500
Total Assets	569,63	3 517,558
Deferred outflows of resources		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	114,18	3 102,006
Total Liabilities	114,18	3 102,006
Deferred inflows of resources		
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	78,32	3 68,663
Restricted	102,41	4 100,000
Unrestricted	274,71	3 246,889
Total Net Position	\$ 455,45	0 \$ 415,552

At the end of the fiscal year, the School can report continued positive balances in the categories of net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 follows:

	2019	2018
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 13,402	\$ -
Capital outlay funding	122,646	45,175
Local capital improvement revenue	-	72,379
Lunch program	50,408	44,575
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	1,852,099	1,795,891
Other revenues	11,328	65,476
Total Revenues	\$ 2,049,883	\$ 2,023,496
EXPENSES		
Governmental Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 1,146,451	\$ 1,118,561
Board	17,875	17,763
School administration	301,743	267,387
Facilities acquisition	876	1,752
Fiscal services	37,725	37,050
Food services	57,738	46,393
Central services	61,873	64,663
Operation of plant	335,748	303,579
Maintenance of plant	15,112	32,087
Administrative technology services	285	4,587
Community services	34,559	
Total Expenses	2,009,985	1,893,822
Increase in Net Position	39,898	129,674
Net Position at Beginning of Year	415,552	285,878
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 455,450	\$ 415,552

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$26,387 and \$116,163 due to an increase in FTE. The school had an increase in net position of \$39,898 for the year.

Accomplishments

Ben Gamla Charter School completed its 9th year of operations in 2019, enrolling 252 students at its location in the Kendall area of Miami-Dade County. The school once again earned a letter grade of "A", ranking among the top K-8 public schools in Miami-Dade County based on points it received under the State of Florida Accountability Program.

Ben Gamla offers a challenging and stimulating curriculum that offers a unique bilingual, biliterate, and bi-cultural curriculum, which prepares students to have an edge in global competition through the study of Hebrew as a second language. The school's mission is to provide an enriching experience for each student in a warm, nurturing environment. The school believes in providing all students with the tools necessary to develop and fulfill their greatest potential. Using a hands-on, experiential approach to teaching and learning, Ben Gamla teachers use differentiated teaching and varied modalities of instruction to accommodate all students.

Ben Gamla Charter is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$360,627. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$227,983.

Facility

The School entered into lease agreement for use of facility located at 11155 SW 112th Ave, Miami, Florida 33176.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$78,323 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes leasehold improvements, audiovisual and software and furniture, equipment, and textbooks. The school has no long-term debt associated with its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Funds				
	Original				
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES	<u>- </u>				
Program Revenues					
State capital outlay funding	\$ 124,500	\$ 122,010	\$ 122,646		
Federal sources	12,500	13,120	13,402		
Lunch program	48,750	49,816	50,408		
General Revenues					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	1,814,264	1,851,623	1,852,099		
Other revenues	13,636	13,950	11,328		
Total Revenues	\$ 2,013,650	\$ 2,050,519	\$ 2,049,883		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 1,130,019	\$ 1,129,084	\$ 1,124,529		
Board	18,850	18,150	17,875		
School administration	286,569	304,375	301,743		
Fiscal services	37,350	38,000	37,725		
Food services	59,615	58,175	57,738		
Central services	42,350	63,360	61,873		
Operation of plant	319,765	329,434	325,105		
Maintenance of plant	16,000	16,000	15,112		
Administrative technology services	500	314	285		
Community services	39,500	35,000	34,559		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,950,518	\$ 1,991,892	\$ 1,976,544		

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,917
Restricted cash	102,414
Investments	308,000
Prepaid expenses	30,230
Due from other agencies	23,249
Total Current Assets	474,810
Capital assets, depreciable	605,581
Less: accumulated depreciation	(527,258)
	78,323
Deposit receivable	16,500
Total Assets	569,633
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	113,806
Accounts payable	377
Total Current Liabilities	114,183
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	78,323
Restricted	102,414
Unrestricted	274,713
Total Net Position	\$ 455,450

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2019

Program Revenues

FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges fo		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:		. (
Instruction	\$ 1,146,451	\$ -		\$ 6,365	\$ -	\$ (1,140,086)
Board	17,875	-		-	-	(17,875)
School administration	301,743	-		-	-	(301,743)
Facilities acquisition	876	-		-	-	(876)
Fiscal services	37,725	-		-	-	(37,725)
Food services	57,738	14,096	,	36,312	-	(7,330)
Central services	61,873	-		-	-	(61,873)
Operation of plant	335,748	-		-	122,646	(213,102)
Maintenance of plant	15,112	-		7,037	-	(8,075)
Administrative technology services	285	-		-	-	(285)
Community services	34,559	-		-		(34,559)
Total governmental activities	2,009,985	14,096		49,714	122,646	(1,823,529)
	C 1					
	General reven					1.052.000
	FTE and other	•	c rev	venues		1,852,099
	Investment ea	_				9,789
	Other revenue	es				1,539
	Change in net	position				39,898
	Net position, l	beginning				415,552
	Net position,	ending				\$ 455,450

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Ge	neral Fund	Gov	on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,917	\$	-	\$	10,917
Restricted cash		102,414		-		102,414
Investments		308,000		-		308,000
Due from other agencies		-		23,249		23,249
Due from other funds		23,249		-		23,249
Prepaid expenses		30,230				30,230
Total Assets		474,810		23,249		498,059
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Salaries and wages payable		113,806		-		113,806
Accounts payable		377		-		377
Due to fund		-		23,249		23,249
Total Liabilities		114,183		23,249		137,432
Deferred Inflows of Resources		_				
Fund balance						
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		30,230		_		30,230
Restricted		102,414		_		102,414
Unassigned		227,983		_		227,983
Č		360,627		_		360,627
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			-		•	<u> </u>
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	474,810	\$	23,249	\$	498,059

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June $30,\,2019$

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	360,627
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of ne are different because:	et position	
Capital assets of \$605,581 net of acc depreciation of \$527,258 used in governmental are not financial resources and therefore are no in the fund.	activities	78,323
Long term deposits in governmental activitie financial resources and therefore are not repor governmental funds.		16,500
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	455,450

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended $\,$ June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Non-Major	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
		Funds	Funds
Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 122,646	\$ 122,646
State passed through local	1,852,099	-	1,852,099
Federal sources	-	13,402	13,402
Lunch program	-	50,408	50,408
Other revenues	11,328		11,328
Total Revenues	1,863,427	186,456	2,049,883
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	1,118,164	6,365	1,124,529
Board	17,875	-	17,875
School administration	301,743	_	301,743
Fiscal services	37,725	_	37,725
Food services	, <u> </u>	57,738	57,738
Central services	61,873	-	61,873
Operation of plant	202,459	122,646	325,105
Maintenance of plant	15,112	-	15,112
Administrative technology services	285	-	285
Community services	34,559	-	34,559
Capital Outlay:			
Other capital outlay	43,101		43,101
Total Expenditures	1,832,896	186,749	2,019,645
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	30,531	(293)	30,238
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	(293)	293	
Net change in fund balance	30,238	-	30,238
Fund Balance at beginning of year	330,389		330,389
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 360,627	\$ -	\$ 360,627

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 30,238

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$43,101 differed depreciation expense of \$33,441.

9,660

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 39,898

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash	\$ 49,280
Total Assets	49,280
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to students and clubs	49,280
Total Liabilities	49,280
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Net Position	\$ -

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exits that require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2030 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from kindergarten through eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2019 when an average of 252 students were enrolled during the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all other non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the School reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Agency Fund – accounts for resources of the School's internal fund, which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School has adopted GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application (see Note 2).

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Building and improvements 5 Years Furniture and equipment 3-5 Years Textbooks 3 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Sources

Revenues for operations will be received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Long –Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Income Taxes

The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The restricted balance represents investment in commercial time deposits that serve as collateral on an outstanding loan obligation (see Note 5).
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as unassigned fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 10, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. As of June 30, 2019, the School's deposits consisted of cash balances of \$107,485.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2019, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was approximately \$157,720; including fiduciary funds.

Investments

The School categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Codification Section 3100 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2019, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

• Government money market mutual fund of \$370,000 valued using Level 2 inputs.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

The government money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of July 31, 2019, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 81% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2019, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance		Retirements/	Balance
	07/01/18	Additions	Reclassifications	06/30/19
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Audiovisual and software	\$ 31,871	\$ 9,778	\$ -	\$ 41,649
Furniture and equipment & textbooks	439,704	33,323	-	473,027
Building improvements	90,905			90,905
Total Capital Assets	562,480	43,101	-	605,581
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Audiovisual and software	(7,283)	(6,768)	-	(14,051)
Furniture and equipment & textbooks	(405,887)	(20,252)	-	(426,139)
Building improvements	(80,647)	(6,421)		(87,068)
Total accumulated depreciation	(493,817)	(33,441)	-	(527,258)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 68,663	\$ 9,660	\$ -	\$ 78,323

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 21,922
Facilities acquisition	876
Operation of plant	 10,643
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 33,441

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an educational service and support provider, provides administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is for a period of five years, through June 30, 2021, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School incurred approximately \$113,175 in fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of the National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.

The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid approximately \$37,500 in connection with these charges during the year.

Restricted Cash

The School obtained a commercial time deposit from a financial institution in the amount of \$100,000 accruing interest at an annual percentage yield of 0.72%. The deposit renews in 60 day intervals w matures on January 26, 2023. All accrued interest will be paid upon maturity. The deposit serves as collateral on a loan obligation of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. and is classified as restricted net position and fund balance in the basic financial statements.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

In May 2011, the School entered into a lease agreement with the Dave and Mary Alper Jewish Community Center in Kendall, for its facility for the following school hours (7:00am until 2:30pm or 3:30pm). The agreement was extended through June 2021, the last renewal option under the current lease.

Minimum annual payments are based on a pre-determined amount per student. In addition, the School will pay a facilities fee for the use of outdoor field and playgrounds for an additional fee annually per actual student enrolled. Additional property costs include maintenance and insurance.

For 2019, rent expense related to the facility lease, including facility fees, were approximately \$185,740. As of June 30, 2019 the School had prepaid rent of \$18,574.

Future minimum payments under this agreement are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2020	\$ 173,650
2021	\$ 173,650

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2019, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$35,785.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Non-Major

Note 8 - Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

	General Fund	Governmental	
		Funds	
To fund lunch deficit	\$ (7,330)	\$ 7,330	
Reimbursement from Federal Grant for prior period expenditures	7,037	(7,037)	
Total Transfers, net	\$ (293)	\$ 293	
Due from/(Due to) fund balances are as follows:			
	C 1 F 1	Special	
	General Fund	Revenue Fund	
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ 9,847	\$ (9,847)	
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Title IV	6,365	(6,365)	
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Resart Grant	7,037	(7,037)	
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$ 23,249	\$ (23,249)	

Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$7,443 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES	,					
State passed through local	\$ 1	,814,264	\$	1,851,623	\$	1,852,099
Other revenues		13,636		13,950		11,328
Total Revenues	1	,827,900		1,865,573		1,863,427
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	1	,123,063		1,122,530		1,118,164
Board		18,850		18,150		17,875
School administration		286,569		304,375		301,743
Fiscal services		37,350		38,000		37,725
Central services		42,350		63,360		61,873
Operation of plant		195,265		207,424		202,459
Maintenance of plant		16,000 16,000		16,000		15,112
Administrative technology services		500		314		285
Community services		39,500		35,000		34,559
Total Current Expenditures	1	,759,447		1,805,153		1,789,795
Excess of Revenues			'			_
Over Current Expenditures		68,453		60,420		73,632
Capital Outlay		58,000		49,000		43,101
Total Expenditures	1	,817,447		1,854,153		1,832,896
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		10,453		11,420		30,531
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)		(5,321)		(1,793)		(293)
Net change in fund balance		5,132		9,627		30,238
Fund Balance at beginning of year		330,389		330,389		330,389
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	335,521	\$	340,016	\$	360,627

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund balance of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 10, 2019 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall Miami. Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 10, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There are no findings in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall, 5022.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

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Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall. It is management's responsibility to monitor Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendations:

ML – 19-01 CAPITAL ASSETS

Criteria: The School is required to maintain an inventory of capital assets purchased with

public funds in accordance with local, state or federal regulations.

Condition: We noted that the School does not have a formal process for reconciling the

capital assets inventory report to the capital assets of the Schools trial balance.

Cause: The condition results from school personnel not consistently performing an

inventory of all fixed assets and reconciling to the Schools trial balance.

Effect: Failure to perform the procedures mentioned above could result in a misstated

Annual Property Inventory.

Recom-

mendation: We recommend that the School perform an annual inventory of all capital assets

and reconcile to the capital asset ledgers recorded on the School's books.

Views of Responsible

Officials: Management will adhere to auditor's recommendation. The ESSP is assisting the

Schools with identifying the proper support to ensure schools are in full

compliance with inventory requirements.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Ben Gamla Charter School Kendall maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP